Rajeev Gandhi Govt. Post Graduate College Ambikapur, Surguja, (C.G.) India

Department Of Geography, Post Graduate Studies & Research Centre



NEP Based FOUR YEARS UNDERGRADUATE PROGRAMME IN

B.A.GEOGRAPHY

(Discipline Specific Course, Discipline Elective Course and Value Added Course (DSC, DSE & VAC) With PROGRAMME OUTCOME & Graduate Attributes

Syllabus

B.A.- CERTIFICATE/DIPLOMA/DEGREE COURSES

PROGRAMME OUTCOME FOR B.A.

CERTIFICATE/DIPLOMA/DEGREE COURSES

(Based on NATIONAL EDUCATION POLICY-2020)

Geography mainly concerns changes in spatial attributes in a temporal perspective. The Honors Programme in geography is tailored to meet the students' specific educational and professional goals in mind. It focuses on spatial studies, qualitative as well as quantitative, and emphasizes on human-environment relationship.

The students will be able to demonstrate ability -

- 1. To understand concept and theory of their respective subject.
- 2. To express thoughts and ideas effectively in writing and orally.
- 3. To identify relationship within and across disciplines in the humanities and social sciences.
- 4. To cognitive and technical skills in their field and in multidisciplinary context.
- 5. To select and use relevant methods and tools for problem solving .
- 6. To make judgment and take decisions, based on analysis of data and evidence.
- 7. To critically evaluate principles and theory of humanities and social sciences .
- 8. To able digital literacy and data analysis.
- 9. To find a job in their field, exercise responsibilities to job assigned and start up a business .
- 10.To develop a sense of respect and duty towards constitutional, human and moral and professional values .
- 11. To Gender sensitivity and adopt gender-neutral approach.
- 12. To mitigating the effects of environmental degradations, climate change and pollution.

B.A. CERTIFICATE/DIPLOMA/DEGREE COURSES Graduate Attributes

The curriculum uses CBCS framework and organizes under Core Course, Skill Enhancement Course, Elective - Discipline Specific and Elective - Generic Courses. The core courses cover key areas of geography about which all students should have basic knowledge. These courses are grouped as follows:

A. Theory – These courses build up the theoretical and conceptual foundations of geography.

B. Practical – Three courses on Statistical Techniques in Spatial Analysis; Remote Sensing and Geographical Information System, GIScience and Research Methods and Fieldwork in Geography will strengthen the methodological and practical foundations of geography.

C. Regional Approach – Such courses focus on World Geography, Geography of India / different states.

D. Application Oriented – This includes disaster management, climate change, tourism geography, health and wellbeing, etc. Each Course has one objective, three learning outcomes, five uniform contents and reading list incorporating a few Hindi books also wherever possible.

The Graduates should be able to demonstrate the capability to:

1.Disciplinary Knowledge: comprehensive knowledge and understanding of their subject area, the ability to engage with different traditions of thought, and the ability to apply their knowledge in practice including in multi-disciplinary or multi-professional contexts.

Problem solving: Solve different kinds of problems in familiar and non-familiar contexts and apply the learning to real-life situations.

2-Critical thinking:

- apply analytic thought to a body of knowledge, including the analysis and evaluation of policies, and practices, as well as evidence, arguments, claims, beliefs, and there liability and relevance of evidence,
- identify relevant assumptions or implications ;and formulate coherent arguments.

3-Creativity

- create, perform ,or think in different and diverse ways about the same objects or scenarios,
- deal with problems and situations that do not have simple solutions,
- innovate and perform tasks in a better manner,
- view a problem or a situation from multiple perspectives,
- think out of the box and generate solutions to complex problems in unfamiliar contexts adopt innovative, imaginative, lateral thinking, interpersonal skills and emotional intelligence.

4-Communication Skills:

• listen

carefully, readtexts and research papers analytically, and present complex information in a clear and concise manner to different groups/audiences,

- express thoughts and ideas effectively in writing and orally and communicate withothers using appropriate media,
- confidently share view sand express her self/himself,
- construct logical arguments using correct technical language related to a field of learning, work/ vocation ,or an area of professional practice,

conveyideas,thoughts,andargumentsusinglanguagethatisrespectfulandsensitivetogender and other minority groups.

5-Analytical reasoning/thinking

- evaluate the liability and relevance of evidence;
- Identify logical flaws in the argument soothers;
- Analyze and synthesize data from a variety of sources;
- Draw valid conclusions and support them with evidence and examples, and addressing opposing view points

6-Research-related skills:

- A keen sense of observation, inquiry, and capability for asking relevant/ appropriate questions
- The ability to problem arise, synthesize and articulate issues and design research proposals,
- The ability to define problems, formulate appropriate and relevant research questions,formulatehypotheses,testhypothesesusingquantitativeandqualitativedata,establis hhypotheses,makeinferencesbasedontheanalysisandinterpretationofdata,and predict cause-and-effect relationships,
- The capacity to develop appropriate methodology and tools of data collection,
- The appropriate use of statistical and other analytical tools and techniques,
- The ability to plan, execute and report the result so fan experiment or investigation,
- Theabilitytoacquiretheunderstandingofbasicresearchethicsandskillsinpracticing/doingethi csin the field/in personal research work, regardless of the funding authority or field of study.

7-Coordinating/collaborating with others:

- Work effectively and respectfully with diverse teams,
- Facilitate cooperative or coordinate effort on the part of a group,
- Act together as a group or at remain the interest so far common cause and work efficiently as a member of a team

8-Learning how to learn 'skills:

- acquire new knowledge and skills, including 'learning how to learn' skills, that are • necessary for pursuing learning activities throughout life, through self-paced and self-directed learning aimed at personal development, meeting economic, social, and cultural objectives, and the adapting to changing trade sand demands of workplace, including adapting to the changes in work processes in the context of the fourthindustrial revolution, through knowl edge/skilld envelopment/ re skilling,
- work independently, identify appropriate resources required for further learning,
- acquire or generational skills and time management to set self-defined goals and targets with timelines.
- Inculcate a healthy attitude to be a lifelong learner

9-Digital and technological skills

- Use ICT in a variety of learning and work situations,
- access, evaluate, and use a variety of relevant information sources,

use appropriate software for analysis of data

10-Multicultural competence and inclusive spirit

- the acquisition of knowledge of the values and belief so multiple cultures and a global perspective to honor diversity,
- capability to effectively engage in a multicultural group/society and interact respectfully with diverse groups,
- capability to lead diverse team to accomplish common group tasks and goals.

Gender sensitivity and adopt gender-neutral approach, as also empathy to the less advantaged and the differently-able including those with learning disabilities.

11-Value inculcation

- embrace and practice constitutional, humanistic ,ethical, and moral values in life, including universal human values of truth, righteous conduct, peace, love, non-violence, scientific temper, citizenship values,
- practice responsible global citizenship required for responding to contemporary global challenges, enabling learners to become aware of and understand global issues and to become active promoters of more peaceful, tolerant, inclusive, secure, and sustainable societies,
- identifyethicalissuesrelatedtowork,andfollowethicalpractices,includingavoidingunethical behavior such as fabrication, falsification or misrepresentation of data, or committing plagiarism, and adhering to intellectual property rights,
- recognize environmental and sustainability issues, and participate in actions to promote sustainable development.
- Adopt objective, unbiased, and truthful actions in all aspects of work ,in still integrity and identify ethical issues related to work, and follow ethical practices

Rajeev Gandhi Govt. Post Graduate College Ambikapur, Chhattisgarh

(An Autonomous College)

Undergraduate Programme Scheme (NEP)

Discipline Specific Course and Discipline Elective Course (DSC and DSE)

Sem	Name of	Course Name	Course Title	Course	Credit		Marks			
ester	Programm e			Code		Theory	Tes t	Semi nar	As sin m en t	Total Marrk s
Ι	B.A,	Discipline Specific Course	Fundamental Of Physical Geography	DSC-1	3	80	8	6	6	100
Ι	B.A,	Practical	Scale and Graphs	PR-1	1	50	-	-	-	50
II	B.A,	Discipline Specific Course	Fundamental Of Human Geography	DSC-2	3	80	8	6	6	100
II	B.A,	Practical	Geographical Methods of the Statistical data	PR-2	1	50	-	-	-	50
III	B.A,	Discipline Specific Course	Systematic Geography of India	DSC-3	3	80	8	6	6	100
III	B.A,	Practical	Study Of Topographical Sheet And Indian Weather Maps	PR-3	1	50	-	-	-	50
III	B.A.	Discipline Elective Course	Geography of Health	DSE-1	4	80	8	6	6	100
III	B.A.	Practical	Map Projection and Quantitative Techniques	PR (DSE)-3	1	50	-	-	-	50
IV	B.A,	Discipline Specific Course	Economic Geography	DSC-4	3	80	8	6	6	100
IV	B.A,	Practical	Field Survey- Instrumental	PR-4	1	50	-	-	-	50

Rajeev Gandhi Govt. Post Graduate College Ambikapur, Chhattisgarh

B.A. - Geography

Semester- I

Course Title- Fundamental Of Physical Geography

Course Type- Discipline Specific Core		Course Code-DSC -				
Total Credit- 3 (Theory)						
SEE- 80	CCA-20					
Question Pattern- (i) Object	Question Pattern- (i) Objective Type Question- MCQ, Fill in Blank,					
Tru	True/False, Total 9 Question					
(ii) Very Short Answer Type- Word Limit 70-100						
Total -03 Questions						
(iii) Short Answer Type - Word Limit 200-250						
Total -03 Questions						
(iv) Long Answer Type - Word Limit 500-600						
Total -03 Questions						

Course Outcome:-

CO-1-The course on **Fundamental of Physical Geography** will discuss the basic concepts in Physical Geography.

CO-2-It is specifically designed to give an exposure of Physical geographical concepts to students other than formal students of Geography.

CO-3-Student will be able to understand the Physical aspect of Geographical concepts which are relevant in day to day life.

CO-4- Acquire knowledge about types of folds and faults and earthquakes, volcanoes and associated landforms.

. CO-5-Overview and critical appraisal of landform development models and Atmospheric Condition.

CO-6-Ablity to record temperature, pressure, humidity , rainfall and Oceanic Features and Conditions.

CO-7- On the Basis of the Inter-relationship between the atmosphere and the oceans, Climat will help in understanding the Conditions of the climate.

B.A. Honours- Geography Semester- I Course Title- Fundamental Of Physical Geography

Unit- I	Lithosphere-		
12Hours	Definition and Scope of Physical Geography, Origin of the Earth- Nebular		
	theory, Hoyle and Littleton . Interior of the earth:- Composition and Structure		
	Folds and Faults- Origin and Classification.		
Unit- II	Rocks: - Origin, Classification and Characteristics.		
12 Hours	Weathering Meaning, Types. Agents of Erosion- Winds and River and their		
	resultant topographical features.		
Unit- III	Atmosphere-		
10 Hours	Elements of Weather and Climate, Composition of the Atmosphere, Atmospheric Temperature, Pressure Belt, winds, Tropical Cyclone and Origin and mechanism of Monsoon		
Unit- IV	Hydrosphere- Relief of the Ocean Basins-Tetrahedral theory.		
11 Hours	Hydrological Cycle, Ocean Salinity, Ocean Temperature-vertical and		
	horizontal Distribution, Ocean Currents (Pacific and Indian)		

Books Recommended:

1. Alan H. Strahler, Arthur Strahler, Introducing Physical Geography, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2005

2. Monkhouse, F.J., Principles of Physical Geography, Hodder and Stoughton, London. 1960

3. Strahler, A.N. and Strahler, A.H., *Modern Physical Geography;* John Wiley & Sons, Revised edition 1992

4. Thornbury, W.D., Principles of Geomorphology, Wiley Eastern, 1969

5. Critchfield, H., General Climatology, Prentice-Hall, New York, 1975.

6 .Savindra Singh- *Physical Geography*(Hindi and English Both) Prawalika Publication Prayagraj

7. Lal D.S., Climatology & Oceanography (Hindi and English Both) Sharda Pustak Bhavan Prayagraj

8 Mazid Husain- Bhautik Bhoogol, Rawat Publication, Jaipur, 2019

9. Alka Gautam- Bhautik Bhoogol, Rastogi Publication, Meerut,

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Rajeev Gandhi Govt. Post Graduate College Ambikapur, Chhattisgarh B.A. Geography

Semester- I-Practical

Course Title- Scale and Graphs

Credit- 01 (Credit hours-30)

0) Max. Marks : 50

Course Outcome-

- CO1- Understand and prepare different kinds of Scales and comprehend the concept of scales and representation of data through graphs.
- CO2- The Study of Scale will help in the map making and develop an idea about scale and draw different types of scale like linear, diagonal etc.
- CO-3- The Study of Graphs and Diagrams will help in the presentation of statistical data.
- CO4- Development of observation skills.
- CO5- They can know about the Data and various type of Graphs.

Unit I	Scale: Statement Scale, Representative Fraction (R.F.), Linear Scale-
10 Hours	Simple, Diagonal, Comparative, and Time Scales.
Unit II	Methods of Showing Relief Contour: Representation of different landforms
10 Hours	by contours. Drawing Of Profile-Serial, Composite and Super Imposed
Unit III 10 Hours	Graph and Diagram: Line graph, Bar Diagram Circle Diagram, Pie Diagram.

Books Recommended:

- 1. Davis, R.N. and Foote, F.S. (1953): Surveying, 4th edition, McGraw Hill Publication, New Yark.
- 2. Jones, P.A. (1968): Fieldwork in Geography, Longmans, Green and Company Ltd., First Publication , London.
- 3. Monkhouse, F.J. and Wilkinson, F.J. (1985): Maps and Digrams. Methuen, London.
- 4. Natrajan, V. (1976): Advanced Surveying, B.I. Publications., Mumbai.

5. Pugh, J.C. (1975): Surveying for Field Scientists, Methuen and Company Ltd., London, First Publication.

6. Sarkar, A.K. (1997): Practical Geography : A Systematic Approach. Orient London, Kolkata.

7. Sharma, J.P. (2001): Prayogik Bhugol., Rastogi Publication, Meerut 3rd edition.

8. Singh, R.L. and Singh, Rana P.B. (1993): Elements of Practical Geography. (Hindi and English editions). Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.

9. Singh, L.R. (2006) : Fundamentals of Practical Geography, Sharda Pustak Bhawan,

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B.A. Geography Semester- II Course Title- Fundamental Of Human Geography

Course Type- Discipline Specific Core Course Code- DSC					
Total Credit- 3					
SEE- 80	CCA-20				
Question Pattern- (i) Object	ve Type Question-1	MCQ, Fill in Blank,			
	True/False, Total 10				
	•	ype- Word Limit 70-100			
	otal -3 Questions	We add incit 200, 250			
	otal -03 Questions	Word Limit 200-250			
	-	Word Limit 500-600			
	otal -03Questions				
Course Outcome –	Course Outcome –				
CO-1- Gain knowledge abou	it major themes of h	uman Geography.			
CO-2- Acquire knowledge on the history and evolution of humans.					
CO-3- Understand the approaches and processes of Human Geography as well as the diverse					
patterns of habitat and adaptations.					
CO 4- Development an idea about space and society					
CO 5-Understand the evolution of varied types of economic activities.					
CO 6-Appreciate the varied aspects of development and regional disparity, in order to					
formulate measures of balanced development and sustainable development.					

Rajeev Gandhi Govt. Post Graduate College Ambikapur, Chhattisgarh B.A. Geography Honors Semester- II

Course Title- Fundamental Of Human Geography

Unit- I 12 HoursIntroduction to Human Geography i. Definition, nature and scope.ii. Fundamental concept in Human Geography .			
	iii. Understanding of man nature relationship: Determinism, Possibilism and Neo- determinism.		
Unit- IIPopulation and Settlement13 Hoursi.Growth of population, distribution and density of the world			
	ii. Socio economic Pattern of Population		
	ii. Migration: causes, and typesiii. Theory and Model of population growth: Malthus		
	iv. Structure, Types and characteristics of human settlement.		
Unit- III	Human Races-		
10 Hours	i. Human races- world distribution;ii. Habitat and economy of selected communities (Gond, Eskimo, Bushmen).		
Unit- IV	Geography and Development.		
10 Hours	i. Indicators and measures of Regional development.		
	ii. Global pattern of development: inter-regional variations, HDI.iii. Concept of Sustainable Development.		

Reading List

1. Bergwan, Edward E., *Human Geography: Culture. Connections and Landscape*, Prentice Hall, New Jersey. 1995

2. Carr, M., *Patterns, Process and change in Human Geography*, MacMillan Education, London, 1987

3. Daniels Peter, Bradshaw Michae, Shaw Davil and Side way James, *Human Geography: Issues for the Twenty First Century*, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 2001

4. James, M. Robenstein, An Introduction to Human Geography, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 2001

5. Michael, Can, New Patterns: Process and Change in Human Geography Nelson, 1997

6- Hussain Mazid- Human Geography, Rawat Publication Jaipur

7-Garg H.S. Manav Bhoogol, SBPD Publication, Agra.

8. Haroon Mohammad, Manav Bhoogol, Wisdom Publication

9. Kausik S.D. Manav avam Arthik Bhoogol, Rastogi publication Meerut.

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B.A. Geography Honours Semester- II

Course Title- Practical (Geographical Methods of the Statistical Techniqe) Credit-01 (Hours-30) Max. Marks : 50

Course Outcome-

CO1-Understand and prepare different kinds of Diagrams and maps.

CO2- Recognize basic themes of map making.

- CO3-Knowledge of Statistics performance is obtained on the basis of primary and secondary data from various sources.
- CO-4-Develop an idea about different type of distribution mapping techniques like dot map, choropleth map and isopleth map

CO5-As map making is the sole purpose of geographers, by going through this paper students can acquire good knowledge about different procedure of map making and various projection system of map making by developing broad knowledge about latitude, longitude, meridians, parallels etc.

Unit I	One Dimensional Diagram- Simple Pyramid, Wind Rose, Graph- Hythergraph, Climograph		
Unit II Distributional Maps- Isopleths, Choropleth Method ,Dot Method			
Unit III	Map projection - Concept and Classification. Conical projection With one Standard Parallel , Bonne,s Projection.		
Unit IV	Cylindrical Projection- Simple, Equal area		

Books Recommended:

1. Davis, R.N. and Foote, F.S. (1953): Surveying, 4th edition, McGraw Hill Publication, New Yark.

2. Jones, P.A. (1968): Fieldwork in Geography, Longmans, Green and Company Ltd., First Publication , London.

3. Monkhouse, F.J. and Wilkinson, F.J. (1985): Maps and Digrams. Methuen, London.

4. Natrajan, V. (1976): Advanced Surveying, B.I. Publications., Mumbai.

5. Pugh, J.C. (1975): Surveying for Field Scientists, Methuen and Company Ltd., London, First Publication.

6. Sarkar, A.K. (1997): Practical Geography : A Systematic Approach. Orient London, Kolkata.

7. Sharma, J.P. (2001): Prayogik Bhugol., Rastogi Publication, Meerut 3rd edition.

8. Singh, L.R. (2006) : Fundamentals of Practical Geography, Sharda Pustak Bhawan, ---0000----

Rajeev Gandhi Govt. Post Graduate College Ambikapur, Chhattisgarh B.A. Geography Semester- III Course Title- Systematic Geography of India

Course Type- Discipline S	Specific Course	Course Code-DSC -3			
Total Credit- 3					
SEE- 80	CCA-20				
Question Pattern- (i) O	bjective Type Question	- MCQ, Fill in Blank,			
	Frue/False, Total 12 Que				
(ii) V	ery Short Answer Type	- Word Limit 70-100			
Т	otal -05 Questions				
(iii) S	hort Answer Type - Wo	ord Limit 200-250			
Т	otal -05 Questions				
(iv) S	hort Answer Type - Wo	rd Limit 500-600			
Т	otal -05 Questions				
Course Outcome-					
	ographical aspects of la	nd, people and economy of Indian sub			
continent.	ogrupineur uspeets or h	ind, people and economy of matur sub			
	eciate the relevance of g	geographical knowledge of India to			
understand the conten	-				
	1 2				
CO3- In-depth knowledge	of climate, natural veget	ation, agriculture and energy, resources and			
industries of India					
CO4- Conceptualize the systematic approaches and to examine regional differentiation in the					
study of India					
CO5-Recognize regional identities and environmental dimension of regionalization to address					
the issues and concern needed for regional planning of India.					

Rajeev Gandhi Govt. Post Graduate College Ambikapur, Chhattisgarh B.A. Geography Semester- III Course Title- Systematic Geography of India

Unit- I	Physical Setup - Physiographic Division of India . Major Drainage System –		
12 Hours	Himalayan and Peninsular Rivers. Climate and Its Characteristics.		
Unit- II	Natural Resources- Soils types and distribution. Natural Vegetation. Mineral		
13 Hours	Resources Production and Distribution:- Iron-ore and Bauxite Energy Resources:		
	Coal, Petroleum, Non -Conventional- Hydro-electricity, Solar and Wind.		
Unit- III	People and Economy- Growth of population, distribution and density;		
	Urbanization and mobility. Agriculture growth; agricultural regions; Industrial		
10 Hours	growth; industrial regions of India; SEZ. Transport and Communication;		
	Composition of domestic and foreign trade.		
Unit- IV	Regionalization-R.L. Singh, OHK Spate, Regional studies Of India- Kashmir		
10 Hours	Valley, Narmada basin, Great Indian Desert.		

Books Recommended

- 1. Deshpande, C.D (1992) ., *India- A Regional Interpretation*, Northern Book Centre, New Delhi, 2. Govt. of India, *National Atlas of India*, NATMO Publication, Calcutta
- 3. Khullar, D.R. (2006), *India: A Comprehensive Geography*, Kalyani Publication, New Delhi,
- 4. Mitra, A., Levels of Regional Development in India, Census of India, Vol I, Part I-A
 (i) and (ii), New Delhi, 1967
- 5. Tiwari R.C.(2018) Bharat Ka Bhoogal, Pravalika Publication, Prayag
- 6..C.B. Mamoriya, Bharat Ka Vrihat Bhoogol, Sahitya Bhavan Agra.
- 7. Saxsena H.M., (2019) Bharat Ka Bhoogol, Ravat Publication, Jaipur
- 8. Sinha, Anil kumar,(2021) Bharat me Krishi Vikas, Asian Press Books, Kolkata.
- 9. Chauhan P.R. Mahatam Singh(2004) Bharat ka Vrihad Bhoogol, Vasundhara Prakasan,

Gorakhpur

10- Singh R. L.(Editor) – India A Regional Geography, NGSI Varanasi, 1971

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B.A. Geography

Semester- III

Course Title- Practical - Study Of Topographical Sheet And Indian Weather Maps Credit-1 Max. Marks : 50

Course Outcome-

CO-1-Through this paper students are able to know about different map reading and map analysis techniques along with develops an idea about Topographical Map and can able to prepare weather maps of India for different season.

CO2-Study of Topographical sheet help in Understanding the surface feature. CO3- Study of Topographical sheet increases understanding of physical and cultural features with the help of maps.

CO4-The understanding of weather and climate related events will increase day by day. CO5- . Understanding the functions of metrological instruments and will help predicting the weather.

Unit I History Of Indian Topographical Map, Conventional Sign,	
Unit IIMethod of Study of Topographical map,- Primary Information ,Physic Elements, Cultural Elements.(64 Series)	
Unit IIIIndian Weather Maps-Elements Of Climate and Metrological Instrum Indian Weather Symbols.	
Unit IV	Interpretation Of Indian Daily Weather Maps- Pre and Post Monsoon.

1-Singh Rana P.B. – Elements Of Practical Geography. kalyani Publishers

2- Chauhan P.R. Practical Geography, Vasundhara Publication, Gorakhpur

3. Sarkar, A.K. (1997): Practical Geography : A Systematic Approach. Orient London, Kolkata.

4. Sharma, J.P. (2001): Prayogik Bhugol., Rastogi Publication, Meerut 3rd edition.

5. Singh, R.L. and Singh, Rana P.B. (1993): Elements of Practical Geography. (Hindi and English editions). Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.

6. Singh, L.R. (2006) : Fundamentals of Practical Geography, Sharda Pustak Bhawan,

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Rajeev Gandhi Govt. Post Graduate College Ambikapur, Chhattisgarh B.A. Geography Semester- III Course Title- Geography Of Health

Course TypeDisciplina	ry Elective Course	Course Code- DSE			
Total Credit- 3					
SEE- 80	CCA-20				
Question Pattern- (i) Objective Ty		Blank,			
	alse, Total 12 Question	mit 70, 100			
	hort Answer Type- Word Li)5 Questions	lilit 70-100			
	Answer Type - Word Limit 2	200-250			
)5 Questions				
	Inswer Type - Word Limit 5	00-600			
Total -0	05 Questions				
Course Outcome- CO1-Gain knowledge about major themes of human health. CO2- The understanding of the interrelationship between human health and environment Elements will increase.					
	•	o spatial characteristics and pollution related			
	factors, the study of health geography increase its understanding. CO-4- Understand the relationship of man, environment and health.				
CO-5- Which is aimed at providing knowledge about the human health and It's also give					
knowledge about infrastructure and facilities of health care services					

Rajeev Gandhi Govt. Post Graduate College Ambikapur, Chhattisgarh B.A. Geography Semester- III Course Title- Geography Of Health

Unit- I	Nature, scope and importance of geography of health. Development of this area			
12 Hours	of specialization; Indicators of health.			
Unit- II	Geographical factors affecting human health and diseases -			
13 Hours	(i) Physical factors- relief, climate, soils and vegetation.			
	(ii) Socio-Economic factors- population ,literacy, poverty nutrition			
	(iii) Environmental factors-water, air, noise pollution and solid waste			
Unit- III	Classification and type of diseases,			
10 Houng	. Pattern of World distribution of major diseases.			
10 Hours	Transmission of major diseases:- cholera, malaria, tuberculosis, hepatitis, AIDS and STDS			
Unit- IV	Problems of mal-nutrition in India.			
10 Hours	Health-care planning:-			
	(i) international level-WHO, UNICEF, Red Cross			
	(ii) National level-Government and NGOs,			
	Health Care Planning and Policies ; Health care services; Primary health care; Inequalities			
	in health care services in India;			

Books Recommended

- 1. Banerjee, B. and Hazra J. : Geo-Ecology of Cholera in West Bengal, University of Calcutta, Calcutta 1980.
- 2. Cliff, A. and Haggett, P. : Atlas of Disease Distribution. Basil Blackwell, Oxford, 1989.
- 3. Digby, A. and Stewart, L. (eds.) : Gender, Health and Welfare. Routledge, New York, 1996.

4. Hazra, J. (ed.): Health Care Planning in Developing Countries. University of Calcutta, Calcutta, 1997.

5. Learmonth A.T.A. : Patterns of Disease and Hunger. A Study in Medical Geography. David & Charles, Victoria, 1978.

- 6. May, J.M.: Studies in Disease Ecology, Hafner Pub., New York, 1961.
- 7. May, J.M.: Ecology of Human Disease, M.D. Pub., New York, 1959.
- 8. May, J.M.: The World Atlas of Diseases, Nat. Book Trust, New Delhi, 1970.
- 9. Mc. Glashan, N.D. : Medical Geography, Methuen, London, 1972.
- 10. Narayan, K.V.: Health and Development- Inter-Sectoral Linkages in India. Rawat Pub., Jaipur, 1997.
- 11. Singhai G.C. (1995) Medical Geography, in Hindi, Vasundhara Prakasan Gorakhpur

Rajeev Gandhi Govt. Post Graduate College Ambikapur, Chhattisgarh B.A. - Geography

Semester- III

Disciplinary Elective Course(DSE) -Practical

Course Title- Map Projection and Quantitative Techniques

Course Type- DSE- Practical		Course Code- DSE PR (E)-3	
Total Credit- 1			
SEE- 50			
Course Outcome –			
CO1- Gain knowledge about Basic of Practical Geography			

CO1- Gain knowledge about Basic of Practical Geography.

CO2- Use various statistical techniques used in Geography.

CO3- Construct various types of projections and scales as per requirement of the study.

CO4.Collect primary and secondary data in the field.

CO.5.Apply various statistical formulas to analyze data

Unit-I	Map Projection- Mercator Projection,
15 hrs	Zenithal Projection- Gnomonic Polar Zenithal Projection, Stereographic
	Polar Zenithal Projection, Orthographic Polar Zenithal Projection
Unit II	Quantitative Techniques- Collection of Data- Primary data, Secondary
15 hrs	data, Sampling, Tabulation, Cumulative Frequency Curve,
	Measurement of Central Tendency- Mean, Median mode,
	Correlation.

Books Recommended

- 1- Chauhan, P.R., 2014, Practical Geography, Vasundhara Prakasan Gorakhpur
- 2- Sharma, J.P. 1995, Practical Geography, Rastogi Publication, Meerut
- 3- Khullar, D.R. (2014) Practical Geography, Kalyani Pulishers, Ludhiyana
- 4- Mishra, R.N. (2019) Practical Geography, Rawat Publication, Jaipur

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B.A. Geography

Semester- IV					
Course Title- Economic Geography					
Course Type- Discipline Specific Course		Course Code- DSC			
Total Credit- 3					
SEE- 80	CCA-20				
Question Pattern- (i) Objectiv					
True/False, Total 12 Question					
(ii) Very Short Answer Type- Word Limit 70-100 Total -05 Questions					
	ort Answer Type - Wo	rd Limit 200-250			
То	tal -05 Questions				
	ort Answer Type - Wo	rd Limit 500-600			
10	tal -05 Questions				
Course Outcome:-					
CO1-Understand the concept of economic activity, factors affecting location of economic activity.					
CO2-Gain knowledge abou	t different types of E	Economic activities			
•	• •	graphy, the concept of economic man and			
theories of choice.					
CO4-The course explores the	ne processes of globa	alization and seeks to provide understanding of			
today's increasingly in					
	-	conomic indices, transport network and flows.			
activities occur unever	nly over geographica he regime of neolibe	y in an increasingly globalized world, economic al space; how local places and global economy are eral policies are generating uneven geography of			

Rajeev Gandhi Govt. Post Graduate College Ambikapur, Chhattisgarh B.A. Geography Semester- IV Course Title- Economic Geography

Unit- I 20 Hours	Definition, Scope and development of economic geography . Economic activities and sectors (primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary)		
Unit- II 15 Hours	Agricultural Economy-Agriculture, forestry, fishing and mining.		
15 Hours	Industrial Economy-Classification of industries, Manufacturing Industries-		
	Cotton Textile, Iron and Steel and Cement.		
Unit- III	Factors Affecting location of Economic Activity		
15 Hours	Agriculture -Von Thunen theory, Industrial location Theory -Weber's theory.		
	Agricultural regions- D. Witlessly. Industrial Regions of the world.		
Unit- IV	Trade and Commerce- Special Economic Zones (SEZ) and Technology		
15 Hours	Parks. World Pattern of Transport and Trade . Mode of transportation and		
	transport cost, , Patterns of International Trade, Globalization. WTO and		
	Developing Countries.		

Reading List

1. Alexander J. W., 1963: *Economic Geography*, Prentice-Hall Inc., Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey.

2. Coe N. M., Kelly P. F. and Yeung H. W., 2007: *Economic Geography: A Contemporary Introduction*, Wiley-Blackwell.

3. Hodder B. W. and Lee Roger, 1974: Economic Geography, Taylor and Francis.

4. Combes P., Mayer T. and Thisse J. F., 2008: *Economic Geography: The Integration of Regions and Nations*, Princeton University Press.

5. Wheeler J. O., 1998: Economic Geography, Wiley..

6. Durand L., 1961: Economic Geography, Crowell.

7. Bagchi-Sen S. and Smith H. L., 2006: *Economic Geography: Past, Present and Future*, Taylor and Francis.

8. Willington D. E., 2008: *Economic Geography*, Husband Press.

Rajeev Gandhi Govt. Post Graduate College Ambikapur, Chhattisgarh B.A. - Geography

Semester- VI

Practical

Course Title- Field Survey- Instrumental

Course Type- DSC -PR		Course Code- PR-VI
Total Credit- 1		
SEE- 50		

Course Outcome -

CO1-Every student can gain required excellence in using the Surface Station Instrument.

CO2-Students can make accurate designs/plots thus by avoiding any manual errors

CO3- Every student can meet the requirement of knowing the Surface Station instrument which is vital for any construction firm.

CO4-Diverse knowledge of surveying practices applied for real life problems.

- CO5-Work with various surveying equipment's, like Chain and Tape etc., in order to apply the Theoretical knowledge to carry out practical field work.
- CO6-Obtain The knowledge of limits of accuracy will be obtained by making measurements with various surveying equipment employed in practice.

Importance of Field Survey, Concept of Field Survey .	
Chain and Tape Survey – Traverse method, Triangulation Method, Construction of	
Area Plan.	
Prismatic Compass Survey- Radiation Method, Intersection method, Traverse	
method	
Plane Table Survey- Radiation Method, Intersection method, Traverse method,	
Resection.	
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Books Recommended

5- Davis, R.E.and Foote. F.S., 1953 Surveying: Theory and Practical, Tokyo

- 6- Istiaque, M. 1989, A Textbook of Practical Geography, Heritage Publication, New Delhi
- 7- Kanetkar, T.P.and Kulkarni, S.V., 1988 Surveying and Levelling, Pune
- 8- Chauhan, P.R., 2014, Practical Geography, Vasundhara Prakasan Gorakhpur
- 9- Sharma, J.P. 1995, Practical Geography, Rastogi Publication, Meerut
- 10- Khullar, D.R. (2014) Practical Geography, Kalyani Pulishers, Ludhiyana
- 11- Mishra, R.N. (2019) Practical Geography, Rawat Publication, Jaipur

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